1. Let X be a random variable. Fix n > 0 and prove that

$$P(A) \le P\{|X| > n\} \quad \Rightarrow \quad E[|X|I_A] \le E[|X|I_{\{|X| > n\}}],$$

where I_A refers to the indicator of event A.

- 2. (Lawler, Exercise 5.6 (a)) Consider a biased random walk on the integers with probability p < 1/2 of moving to the right and probability 1 p of moving to the left. Let S_n be the value at time n and assume that $S_0 = a$, where 0 < a < N. Show that $M_n = ((1-p)/p)^{S_n}$ is a martingale.
- 3. (Lawler, Exercise 5.6 (b)) Let S_n and M_n be as in Problem 2. Let T be the first time that the random walk reaches 0 or N, i.e.,

$$T = \min\{n \mid S_n \in \{0, N\}\}.$$

(a) Verify the conditions of the optional sampling theorem for martingale M_n and stopping time T.

(b) Use optional sampling on the martingale M_n to compute $P\{S_T = 0\}$.